

Why Hydrogen Research at RMIT?

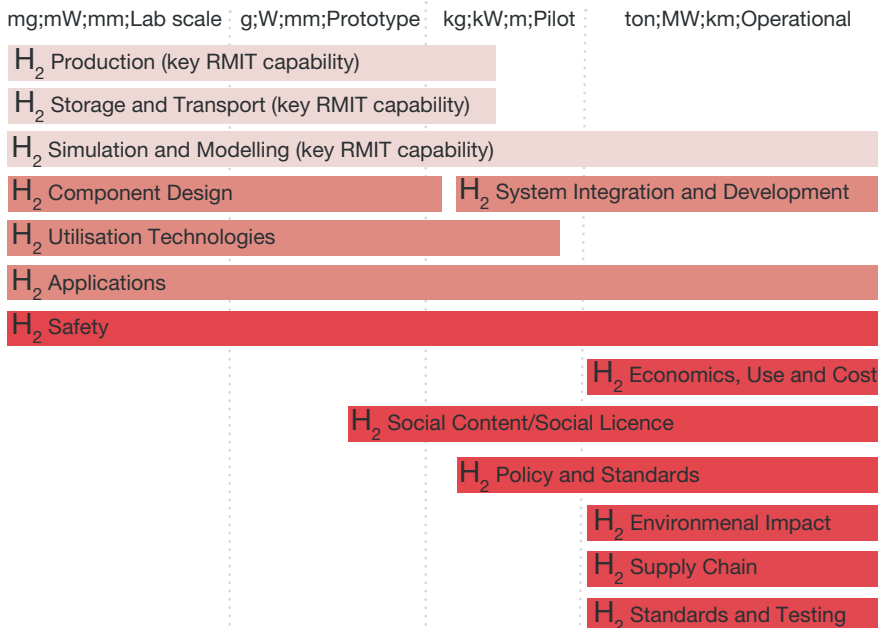
The rapid transition to net-zero emissions highlights the clear multidisciplinary opportunity for continued innovation in hydrogen research, and hydrogen is clearly articulated as an energy carrier in Australia's national priorities.

Capabilities

RMIT has significant and synergistic research capability that can be integrated to realise the delivery of complex innovation in the Hydrogen domain. It is well placed to support the transition of energy technologies to be scaled-up and translated. Our multidisciplinary capability from science and engineering to design, social sciences, business and law stretches across the Hydrogen value chain, with core expertise ranging from new fuel cells and electrolyzers, to how societies accept and take-up and de-risk new technologies. RMIT works across scales to ensure that research activities are relevant to partners (Figure 1).

RMIT has decades of experience and know-how in Hydrogen innovation. We have a robust patent portfolio in the Hydrogen domain as well as important ancillary domains such as advanced materials, batteries and electrification. RMIT works with partners across the Hydrogen value chain including partners in the energy and environment, manufacturing, transport and logistics sectors.

Figure 1. Hydrogen@RMIT Capability across



RMIT's Enabling Impact Platforms are the University's unique mechanism to assemble researchers and industry experts to rapidly respond to large-scale, complex issues in society.

Supporting facilities

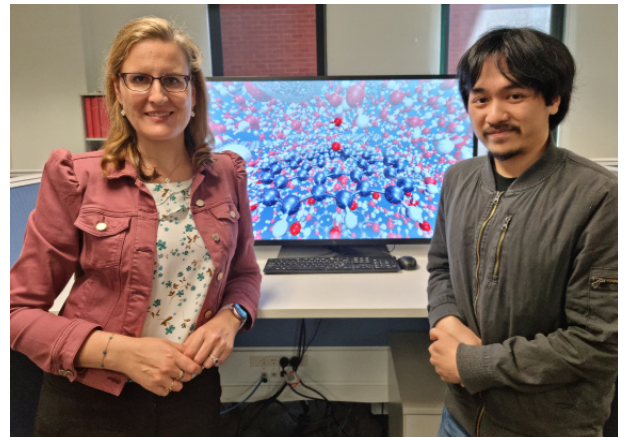
RMIT University excels in Additive Manufacturing, Advanced Materials, Industrial Automation, and Sustainability, with multidisciplinary delivery experience across Defence, Space, Transport, Medical and Energy sectors. As an example, the Advanced Manufacturing Precinct at RMIT's City Campus has the Digital Manufacturing Facility, Micro-Nano Research Facility and Microscopy and Microanalysis Facility, offering manufacturing and characterisation at nanometre to metre length scales and digital automation tech, which support industry partnerships.

RMIT's [Sustainable Hydrogen Energy Laboratory](#) (SHEL) research group pioneers research and development on hydrogen energy solutions in Australia and internationally. The group has invested in a significant \$3.3 million defence project focussed on a Unitised Regenerative Fuel Cell (URFC) system.

Training

Hydrogen and Hydrogen Technologies will require new skills and create new jobs. RMIT University has identified that there will be a lack of expertise in Australia in many of the core domains relating to Hydrogen production, as with many emerging technologies. For example, we offer Masters of Sustainable Energy Engineering courses in "Electrical Energy Storage Systems" and "Renewable and Solar Fuels".

Molecular dynamics model of hydrogen storage with Prof Michelle Spencer and Kevin Tran, PhD student





HYDROGEN COMMUNITY

- STEM College
- College of Business & Law & College of Design & Social Context
- College of Design & Social Context & STEM College
- College of Design and Social Context
- College of Business & Law & STEM College

<p>Component design (catalyst, membrane, GDL, bipolar plate, thermal management, gas/water flow channels, electronics and control)</p> <p>Andrew Christofferson Bahman Shabani Brendan McGrath Farid Christo Hamid Arandiyani James Tardio Jianzhen Ou Kalpit Shah Ken Chiang Michelle Spencer Naba Dutta</p>	<p>Hydrogen production (electrochemical, photochemical, reforming, nuclear)</p> <p>Amgad Rezk Bahman Shabani Baohua Jia Hamid Arandiyani John Andrews Kalpit Shah Ken Chiang Leslie Yeo Michelle Spencer Nasir Mahmood</p> <p>Nicky Eshtiaghi Rachel Caruso Ravichandar Babarao Suresh Bhargava Tianyi Ma Torben Daeneke Xavier Mulet Yasuhiro Tachibana Ylias Sabri</p>	<p>Hydrogen utilisation technologies (fuel cell, combustion, internal combustion engines)</p> <p>Bahman Shabani Farid Christo Gary Rosengarten Hamid Arandiyani Kalpit Shah Ken Chiang</p> <p>Nasir Mahmood Petros Lappas Pier Marzocca Tianyi Ma Torben Daeneke</p>	<p>Economics and costs</p> <p>Ahmad Mojiri Ashenafi Biru Peter Stasinopoulos Rajarathinam Parthasarathy Sefa Churchill Xavier Mulet Zsuzsanna Cserekyei</p>
<p>Hydrogen storage and transportation (high pressure, material based, synthetic fuels, ammonia)</p> <p>Amgad Rezk Bahman Shabani Gary Rosengarten Hamid Arandiyani John Andrews Kalpit Shah Nasir Mahmood</p> <p>Ken Chiang Lathe Jones Michelle Spencer Rajarathinam Parthasarathy Tianyi Ma Torben Daeneke</p>	<p>System integration and development for various applications (renewable hydrogen, microgrids, auxiliary power units)</p> <p>Ahmad Mojiri Arash Vahidnia Bahman Shabani Brendan McGrath Carlos Teixeira Farid Christo Hamid Arandiyani</p> <p>Inam Nutkani Kazi Hasan Lasantha Meegahapola Manoj Datta Nasir Mahmood Pier Marzocca Richardt Wilkinson</p>	<p>Simulation and modeling (CFD, molecular dynamics, HOMER, TRNYSYS)</p> <p>Bahman Shabani Gary Rosengarten Haoxin Mai Kalpit Shah Mahdi Jalili Manoj Datta Michelle Spencer Milan Patel Ravichandar Babarao Sherman Cheung Tu Le</p>	<p>Hydrogen applications (stationary, transportation e.g., road vehicles, aviation, rail; portable power supply and other industrial applications)</p> <p>Ahmad Mojiri Bahman Shabani Hamid Arandiyani Ken Chiang Nasir Mahmood Petros Lappas Pier Marzocca Ravichandar Babarao</p>
	<p>Hydrogen systems testing and assessment</p> <p>Bahman Shabani Petros Lappas</p> <p>Ken Chiang</p>	<p>Hydrogen supply chain</p> <p>Rajesh Sharma Reina Ichii</p>	<p>Hydrogen safety</p> <p>Baohua Jia Hamid Arandiyani Jan Hayes Jianzhen Ou Rajesh Sharma Tianyi Ma</p>
			<p>Economics impacts</p> <p>Carol Bond Hamid Arandiyani Peter Stasinopoulos</p> <p>Hydrogen supply chain</p> <p>Ahmad Mojiri Gavin Mudd Vinh Thai</p>
			<p>Social context/ Social license</p> <p>Carol Bond Jan Hayes</p> <p>Rajesh Sharma Reina Ichii</p>
			<p>Law, policy and standards</p> <p>Carol Bond Jan Hayes</p> <p>Rajesh Sharma Reina Ichii</p>

Eldor Project

Proton battery promises cheap home energy storage that's kinder to nature

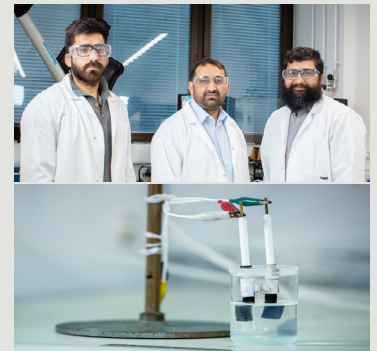
Engineers in Melbourne are vying for pole position in the global race to make a cheap rechargeable battery for storing solar energy that does not rely on scarce natural resources.



How to make hydrogen straight from seawater – no desalination required

13 February 2023, RMIT News

Researchers have developed a cheaper and more energy-efficient way to make hydrogen directly from seawater, in a critical step towards a truly viable green hydrogen industry.



Faster Cleaner Chemical reaction for hydrogen production

14 March 2023, Australian Academy of Science



The urgent need for solar energy, electricity and chemical energy conversion to become more efficient is the charge of Prof Tianyi Ma. Prof Ma's research has seen him awarded the Le Fèvre Medal, to recognise outstanding basic research in chemistry.

CONTACT US

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

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